	Year 5				
Term	Topic	Outcome	Grammar Intentions to be taught		
			Word Level	Sentence Level	
Advent 1	What is Egypt Like Today?	Instructions- how to plan a trip to Egypt. (1 cluster)	Cluster One  Know and use the following modal verbs can could may might must shall should will would	Cluster One Use a colon to introduce and bullet points to demarcate a list The boy carried: -a torch -a lantern -his packed lunch	
		Diary entries- a trip to the pyramids (1 cluster)  Author: Laura Marsh Book: Pyramids	Cluster One Use adjectives that describe age young fresh elderly ancient	Cluster One Use commas, brackets and dashes for parenthesis Floorboards, which were smothered with dust, creaked as the boy (a fearless adventurer) searched each room – from the cellar to the attic – in the haunted house	
Advent 2	Pharaohs	Newspaper reports- the discovery of Tutankhamun's tomb  (2 clusters)	Cluster One  Avoid pleonasm when using adjectives huge giant cold ice future plans white snow	Cluster One When at the end of a sentence, capitalise direct speech, separate from the sentence with a comma, and close with a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark The boy said, "It's dark tonight." The boy asked, "Should I go in?" The boy cried, "A ghost!"	

		Character description- own Ancient Egyptian Pharaoh/God Author: Shirley Climo Book: Egyptian Cinderella (1 cluster)  Historical fiction - A narrative	Cluster One  Know and use the following relative pronouns that when where which who whose  Cluster One	Cluster Two Insert a reporting clause into longer speech.  "Should I go in?" the boy asked. "It doesn't look very safe to me."  NC: Use commas to avoid ambiguity and clarify meaning.  Cluster One Recap: Use brackets, commas and dashes to indicate parenthesis.  Understand a relative clause as a type of subordinate clause that starts with a relative pronoun Describe a noun phrase with a relative clause, separating with commas Rats, whose eyes flashed in the light, skittered away into the dark.  The boy stepped over broken furniture, which littered the floor.  Cluster One
Lent 1	ants, Princes and Pestilence	focused on a person surviving the black death (Diary entries)  Children of Winter  (2 clusters)	Use prepositions to compose adverbial phrases of manner with great care in disgust in a fit of rage  Cluster Two	Recap: Use brackets, commas and dashes to indicate parenthesis. Use a parenthetic adverbial clause, separating with commas  The old door, as it was pushed open, squealed upon rusty hinges.  Cluster Two NC: Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity.
	Peasants,		Use adjectives that describe material Silk bronze plastic porcelain	ive. ose hyphens to avoid ambiguity.

		Poetry Cinquain based on the	Cluster One	
		symptoms/attitudes towards the	Understand an abstract noun as concept, idea or emotion	
		Black Death	love terror religion friendship success	
		(1 cluster)		
		Adventure story (Dilemma and Resolution)	Cluster One	<u>Cluster One</u>
	p and Davy Lamps	Town is by the Sea	Recap: Use adjectives that describe material Silk bronze plastic porcelain	Coordinate 2 -ing non-finite clauses
		(2 clusters)		The boy <u>crept</u> through the room, <u>sweeping</u> his torch around the room and <u>chasing</u> away the shadows.
				Slithering beneath closed doors, snaking ghostly tendrils across the floor, a grey mist filled the house.
			Cluster Two	<u>Cluster Two</u>
Lent 2			Recap: Avoid pleonasm when using adjectives huge giant cold ice future plans white snow	Use ellipsis to show incompletion The boy opened the door, stepped through and
	daπ	Balanced argument – Should the	<u>Cluster One</u>	<u>Cluster One</u>
	Firedamp	mines have closed? (1 cluster)	Know and use the following subordinating conjunctions now that so that whatever whenever whereas wherever whoever	Coordinate using 2 different coordinating conjunctions  The boy <u>heard</u> a scream in the darkness and <u>shivered</u> but <u>made</u> his way towards the sound.  Rats <u>scurried</u> across the floor and spiders <u>lurked</u> in thick
				webs but the boy <u>ventured</u> onwards

		Persuasion text (letter)- deforestation	<u>Cluster One</u>	<u>Cluster One</u>
		(1 cluster)	Know and use the following linking adverbs besides furthermore in conclusion in fact likewise similarly still	Join 2 main clauses with a semi colon  Strange slithering noises made his skin crawl; something was inside the walls.
		Shakespeare and play-scripts		<u>Cluster One</u>
Pentecost 1	rests	Romeo and Juliet		Begin a non-finite clause, with a noun or noun phrase
	Rainforests	(1 cluster)		His heart <u>pounding</u> in his chest, the boy <u>stepped</u> into the house.
				The boy <u>stepped</u> into the house, his heart <u>pounding</u> in his chest.
		Limerick	<u>Cluster One</u>	
		(1 cluster)	Know and use the following demonstrative determiners that these this those	
		A recount of a school trip to	Cluster One	<u>Cluster One</u>
Pentecost 2	Revolution	Perlethorpe (2 clusters)	Recap: Know and use the following linking adverbs besides furthermore in conclusion in fact likewise similarly still	Zoom out using 3 'when' or 'where' fronted adverbials  In an abandoned house, upon a lonely hill, at the edge of a deserted street, something stirred  (NC- To link ideas across paragraphs using time and place adverbials).

# St Philip Neri with St Bede Catholic Voluntary Academy Writing Progression: 2025-26

		<u>Cluster Two</u>	<u>Cluster Two</u>
		Avoid pleonasm when using adverbs: smiled happily shouted loudly ran quickly	Begin a sentence with 2 adverbial clauses
			As clouds gathered overhead, as the moon faded from view, darkness stole across the land.
	Fables		Cluster One
	(1 cluster)		Coordinate 2 relative clauses
			The evil, which <u>lurked</u> in the basement and <u>which</u> filled the house with terror, <u>grew</u> ever stronger.
			Coordinate 2 appositives, separating with commas
			The old house, a place of untold terrors <b>and</b> a source of great evil, stood at the edge of the village.